

Celanex® 2001FC

Celanese Corporation - Polybutylene Terephthalate

Monday, November 4, 2019

General Information

Product Description

Celanex 2001FC is a high viscosity, unreinforced polybutylene terephthalate resin with improved hydrolysis resistance, developed for use in films, sheet, profiles, rods and tubes with food contact compliance. Celanex 2001FC exhibits the high melt strength required for these kind of extrusion applications.

General			
Material Status	Commercial: Active		
Availability	• Europe	North America	
Features	Food Contact AcceptableHigh Melt Strength	High ViscosityHydrolysis Resistant	
Uses	FilmProfiles	RodsSheet	• Tubing
RoHS Compliance	Contact Manufacturer		
Processing Method	 Extrusion 		

ASTM & ISO Properties 1				
Physical	Nominal Value	Unit	Test Method	
Density	1.31	g/cm³	ISO 1183	
Melt Mass-Flow Rate (MFR) (250°C/2.16 kg)	7.5	g/10 min	ISO 1133	
Melt Volume-Flow Rate (MVR) (250°C/2.16 kg)	6.50	cm³/10min	ISO 1133	
Molding Shrinkage			ISO 294-4	
Across Flow	1.8 to 2.0	%		
Flow	1.8 to 2.0	%		
Water Absorption (Saturation, 73°F)	0.45	%	ISO 62	
Water Absorption (Equilibrium, 73°F, 50% RH)	0.20	%	ISO 62	
Mechanical	Nominal Value	Unit	Test Method	
Tensile Modulus	377000	psi	ISO 527-2/1A	
Tensile Stress (Yield)	8700	psi	ISO 527-2/1A/50	
Tensile Stress (Break)	5370	psi	ISO 527-2/1A/50	
Tensile Stress (50% Strain)	4790	psi	ISO 527-2/1A/50	
Tensile Strain (Yield)	6.0	%	ISO 527-2/1A/50	
Tensile Strain (Break)	200	%	ISO 527-2/1A/50	
Nominal Tensile Strain at Break	> 50	%	ISO 527-2/1A/50	
Flexural Modulus (73°F)	363000	psi	ISO 178	
Flexural Stress (73°F)	11600	psi	ISO 178	
mpact	Nominal Value	Unit	Test Method	
Charpy Notched Impact Strength			ISO 179/1eA	
-22°F	2.0	ft·lb/in²		
73°F	3.3	ft·lb/in²		
Charpy Unnotched Impact Strength			ISO 179/1eU	
-22°F	No Break			
73°F	No Break			
Notched Izod Impact Strength (73°F)	2.6	ft·lb/in²	ISO 180/1A	
Hardness	Nominal Value	Unit	Test Method	
Rockwell Hardness (M-Scale)	72		ISO 2039-2	



Celanex® 2001FC

Celanese Corporation - Polybutylene Terephthalate

Hardness	Nominal Value	Unit	Test Method
Shore Hardness (Shore D, 15 sec)	79		ISO 868
Thermal	Nominal Value	Unit	Test Method
Heat Deflection Temperature (66 psi, Unannealed)	302	°F	ISO 75-2/B
Heat Deflection Temperature (264 psi, Unannealed)	122	°F	ISO 75-2/A
Glass Transition Temperature ²	140	°F	ISO 11357-2
Vicat Softening Temperature	365	°F	ISO 306/B50
Melting Temperature ²	437	°F	ISO 11357-3
CLTE - Flow	7.2E-5	in/in/°F	ISO 11359-2
CLTE - Transverse	4.9E-5	in/in/°F	ISO 11359-2
Electrical	Nominal Value	Unit	Test Method
Surface Resistivity	> 1.0E+15	ohms	IEC 60093
Volume Resistivity	> 1.0E+15	ohms·cm	IEC 60093
Electric Strength	380	V/mil	IEC 60243-1
Relative Permittivity			IEC 60250
100 Hz	3.00		
1 MHz	3.20		
Dissipation Factor (1 MHz)	0.020		IEC 60250
Comparative Tracking Index	600	V	IEC 60112

Processing Information			
Injection	Nominal Value Unit		
Drying Temperature	248 to 266 °F		
Drying Time	4.0 hr		
Suggested Max Moisture	0.020 %		
Hopper Temperature	68 to 122 °F		
Rear Temperature	446 to 464 °F		
Middle Temperature	455 to 482 °F		
Front Temperature	455 to 482 °F		
Nozzle Temperature	482 to 500 °F		
Processing (Melt) Temp	455 to 500 °F		
Mold Temperature	149 to 199 °F		
Injection Rate	Moderate-Fast		

Die Temperature: 250 to 260°C Feed Temperature: 230 to 240°C Zone 4 Temperature: 240 to 260°C

Notes

¹ Typical properties: these are not to be construed as specifications.



² 10°C/min